## BENDIX® WINGMAN® FUSION ACTIVE SAFETY SYSTEM WITH ACB (ACTIVE CRUISE WITH BRAKING) STOP AND DRIVER-GO OPERATOR'S MANUAL

SCHOOL BUS

**Bendix** 

This booklet contains important operational and safety information that benefits you and subsequent drivers.

INTERNATION

#### THE BENDIX<sup>®</sup> ESP<sup>®</sup> STABILITY SYSTEM

All vehicles equipped with the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system are also equipped with the Bendix<sup>®</sup> ESP<sup>®</sup> full stability system. When necessary, Bendix ESP automatically intervenes to reduce the accelerator pedal input and/or apply the service brakes to help you maintain stability during potential loss-of-control or rollover events.

The Wingman Fusion system uses the ESP system to help maintain vehicle stability during service brake applications.

The Bendix ESP stability system and the Wingman Fusion system do not replace the need for you to remain alert, react appropriately and in a timely manner, and use safe driving practices. Bendix safety technologies complement safe driving practices. Responsibility for the safe operation of the vehicle remains with you, the driver, at all times.



Improper use of the Wingman Fusion system can result in a collision causing property damage, serious injuries, or death. Be sure to read, understand, and follow all these instructions carefully.

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Bendix safety technologies complement safe driving practices. No commercial vehicle safety technology replaces a skilled, alert driver exercising safe driving techniques and proactive, comprehensive driver training. Responsibility for the safe operation of the vehicle remains with the driver at all times.



Bendix<sup>®</sup>-brand Electronic Control Units (ECUs) are not designed to store data for purposes of accident reconstruction, and Bendix<sup>®</sup> ACom<sup>®</sup> PRO<sup>™</sup> Diagnostic Software is not intended to retrieve data for purposes of accident reconstruction. Bendix makes no representations as to the accuracy of data or video retrieved and interpreted from ECUs for purposes of accident reconstruction. Bendix does not offer accident reconstruction services or interpretation of stored data. Bendix ECUs are not protected from fire, loss of power, impact damage, or other conditions that may be sustained in a crash situation and may cause data to be unavailable or irretrievable.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### **IMPORTANT FEATURE INFORMATION**

**Feature Removal:** This version of Bendix Wingman Fusion **DOES NOT** contain the Stationary Object Alert feature as previous versions did. If the system cannot identify a forward object as a potentially threatening vehicle, it will NOT alert you.

**New Functionality Added:** This version of Bendix Wingman Fusion includes a new functionality referred to as "Service Brake Hold," which may occur, as described in this manual, after an automatic braking event. This Operator's Manual informs you how that works.

Since this version of the Bendix Wingman Fusion System uses a new radar, differences in traditional features like AEB, Multi-lane AEB and SVB exist and may or may not be noticed by the driver.

#### INTRODUCTION

This Operator's Manual provides an overview of the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> Active Safety System with Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) Stop and Auto-Go<sup>™</sup> and ACB Stop

and Driver-Go<sup>®</sup>. This manual explains the components, features, functions, and known system limitations. There are also example descriptions and explanations of the audio and visual alerts and system interventions that can be expected during operation.

Read this manual thoroughly before operating the system. Be familiar with the possible system actions, alerts, and its limitations.



Figure 1 - System Initializing

Keep this manual in the vehicle as a reference at all times. *See Figure 1* for an example of the messages you may see on the integrated display when the Wingman Fusion system is initializing.

#### Additional Information about Bendix® Systems

For additional information about Bendix<sup>®</sup> systems, visit bendix.com or call 1-800-AIR-BRAKE (1-800-247-2725). Representatives are available to assist you Monday through Thursday, 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. and Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. ET.

**NOTE:** All of these alerts and actions are part of the Wingman Fusion system's feature set released by Bendix. It is possible for this Operator's Manual to be moved from vehicle to vehicle. Always verify the features that are included on your vehicles with your dealer or OEM.

Information about features, operation and other aspects discussed in this manual is subject to change and updating and are posted on the document library located at b2bendix.com.

#### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

As a driver, you are always responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle at all times. The Bendix® Wingman® Fusion" system does not replace the need for a skilled, alert professional driver, reacting appropriately and in a timely manner, and using safe driving practices.

If you determine that a hazard or unsafe condition exists, you should take all necessary actions immediately. Never wait for the Wingman Fusion system to intervene.

Due to the inherent limitations of image recognition technology, camerabased safety technology may not be able to detect or may misinterpret lane markings. At these times, alerts may not occur, or erroneous alerts may occur.

The Wingman Fusion system may react ONLY to vehicles that the system determines are stationary or moving in the same direction as your vehicle. The system DOES NOT respond to side-to-side moving traffic, or oncoming traffic. The system will not slow your vehicle or provide an alert as you approach vehicles in these circumstances. See Figure 2.

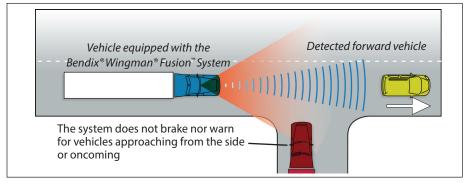


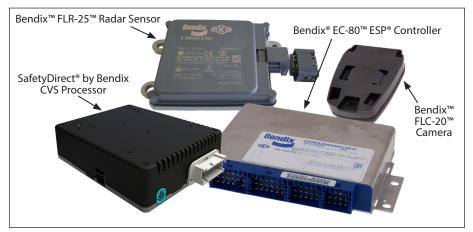
Figure 2 - System Responses

- When the Wingman Fusion system needs to intervene, it works in conjunction with the Bendix<sup>®</sup> ESP<sup>®</sup> full stability system to activate the service brakes. The system should never be relied upon to stop your vehicle or to avoid a collision. You can, and should, still apply full service braking force, if needed.
- Potential False Alerts The Wingman Fusion system may generate a false alert or false braking. Radar and camera technology has limitations and false alerts or false braking sometimes occur.
- The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system DOES NOT respond to stationary objects. The system will not slow your vehicle or provide an alert as you approach stationary objects.

- Animals, Non-Metallic, or Limited-Metallic Objects <u>The Wingman</u> <u>Fusion system will not warn or react to animals, or non-metallic objects</u>. The system may not warn or react to limited-metallic objects (such as recreational vehicles, horse-drawn buggies, motorcycles, logging trailers, etc.).
- ↑ The Fusion system may react to pedestrians in the vehicle path during Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) Stop and Auto-Go<sup>™</sup>. The Stop and Auto-Go feature can only detect pedestrians within the radar sensor's field of view and it is important to note that pedestrians are not instantly detectable.
- The system should never be relied upon to stop your vehicle or to avoid a collision. You can, and should, still apply full braking force, if needed.
- Metallic objects may impair the radar Objects that are radarreflective – such as crash barriers, guard rails, construction zone barricades, and tunnel entrances – may impair the function of the radar.
- Approach grades as you would normally, with the appropriate gear selected and at a safe speed. Cruise control SHOULD NOT be used on steep downhill grades. Follow all safe driving practices.
- Inspect the radar and mounting bracket regularly and remove any mud, snow, ice build-up, debris, or other obstructions that may be blocking the radar. Installing aftermarket deer or bumper guards is not recommended and could impair the operation of the radar.
  - If the bumper and/or radar are damaged or misaligned or if the radar was tampered with do not use the cruise control until the vehicle is repaired.
- If a problem is detected with the Wingman Fusion system, there is an audible alert and/or an icon on the display. Depending on the type of problem, the system may disable cruise control functions or other safety functionality until service is performed.
- Smaller forward vehicles, such as motorcycles and certain types of trailers, may be difficult for the system to identify. As the driver, it is your responsibility to be aware of these types of vehicles, to be cautious, and to slow down if necessary.
- As the driver, you are always responsible for the safe operation of the vehicle and you should be aware of potential threats that may enter the vehicle's lane of travel. As the driver, you should always be alert and ready to intervene.
- Service brake hold is not a parking brake. After any Bendix safety system braking that brings the vehicle to a complete stop, you, the driver, must intervene and secure the vehicle. As the driver, you should use caution and manually apply the parking brake as needed.

#### SYSTEM COMPONENTS

See Figure 3. The main Bendix<sup>®</sup> components used in the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system are the Bendix<sup>®</sup> ESP<sup>®</sup> Controller; the Bendix<sup>®</sup> radar; and the Bendix<sup>™</sup> camera (powered by the Mobileye<sup>®</sup> System-on-Chip EyeQ<sup>®</sup> processor with state-of-the-art-vision algorithms).



#### Figure 3 – System Components

The Wingman Fusion system may detect and monitor moving and stationary vehicles within its field of view. The radar is located at the front of the vehicle. The camera is located on the windshield, inside the wiper path.

The Wingman Fusion system radar is pre-aligned at the factory. If the radar becomes misaligned – or any other system problem is detected – a message (or light) on the display lets you know that service is needed.

#### SYSTEM DISPLAY

Driver information about the Wingman Fusion system is fully integrated into the vehicle display. *See the System Features section of this manual* for more detailed information about the alerts.

Please verify with the vehicle Operator's Manual for the actual audible and visual indications your vehicle may display.

#### SYSTEM FEATURES

## NOTE: You should refer to the data book codes in the vehicle build sheet to determine which features are included on your vehicle.

#### Active Cruise with Braking (ACB)

NOTE: The term ACC (Adaptive Cruise Control) may be used instead of ACB.

When normal cruise control is on and set, the ACB feature also becomes available. The system may not only intervene to maintain the cruise control set speed, but also may potentially intervene – if needed – to maintain a set following distance behind the detected forward vehicle in front of you.

When you encounter a detected forward vehicle that slows down below the cruise control set speed, the system has the ability to automatically dethrottle the engine, activate the engine retarder, and apply the service brakes – if needed – in order to maintain the distance between you and the forward vehicle. The following distance is adjustable on some vehicles. *See Figure 4*.

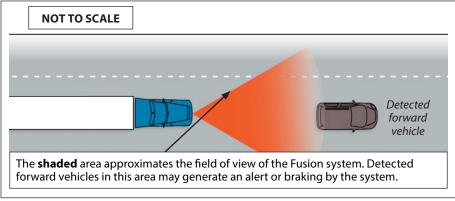


Figure 4 - ACB Example

#### Auto-Resume™ after ACB Braking

If the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system automatically applies the service brakes during an ACB braking event in order to maintain the distance between your truck and the detected forward vehicle, and the vehicle remains above a minimum speed defined by the OEM, the vehicle may automatically accelerate back to the cruise control set speed while still attempting to maintain the set following distance with the forward vehicle. If the vehicle is below the minimum defined speed, cruise control may automatically cancel and may not attempt to adjust the speed to the previously set speed.

**NOTE:** At all times, you, the driver, are responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle and you should be alert and ready to potentially intervene.

#### Canceling Cruise Control and Active Cruise with Braking (ACB)

At any time, you can step on the brake pedal, press "cancel," or turn cruise control off via the switch to cancel cruise control and the ACB (Active Cruise with Braking) feature.

Figure 5a shows an integrated display message you may see when ACB is actively engaged and maintaining a set following distance behind the detected forward vehicle. Additionally, Figure 5b shows a message you may see on the integrated display when the ACB function cancels, and the Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB) system is monitoring the detected forward vehicle. If your vehicle speed is below the



Figure 5a - ACB Actively Engaged and Maintaining Set Following Distance



Figure 5b - ACB is Canceled, AEB Now Monitoring Forward Vehicle

OEM-defined minimum speed for AEB operation, the ACC display may be blank. Alerts and messages will come from the OEM display.

**NOTE:** At all times, you, the driver, are responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle and you should be alert and ready to potentially intervene.

**NOTE:** The term CMS (Collision Mitigation System) may be used instead of AEB.

#### Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) Stop and Driver-Go™

NOTE: This feature only applies to vehicles equipped with ACB Stop and Driver-Go<sup>™</sup>.

When cruise control is on and set, if the detected forward vehicle gradually slows down to a stop, the ACB system may automatically de-throttle the engine, activate the engine retarder, and apply the service brakes to bring your vehicle to a full stop.

Within a few seconds, you, the driver, can press down and hold the throttle until the vehicle accelerates up to its OE-defined minimum cruise control set speed, then the throttle can be released. The vehicle then may accelerate back up to the previously set cruise control speed while maintaining the distance between your truck and the detected forward vehicle. *See Figure 6.* 

If you do not press down on the throttle within a few seconds, the service brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop until you, the driver, intervene by pressing the brake pedal, applying the parking brake, or pressing the accelerator pedal normally to speed up the vehicle.

Figure 7 shows a message you may see on the integrated display when the Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) Stop and Driver-Go function cancels and you, the driver, must intervene. Alerts and messages will come from the OEM display.

Please verify with the vehicle Operator's Manual for the actual audible and visual indications your vehicle may display.



Figure 6 - ACB Actively Engaged



Figure 7 - ACB Canceled - Take Vehicle Control

#### Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) Stop and Auto-Go™

**NOTE:** Certain vehicles with certain engine/powertrain combinations, may be equipped with ACB Stop & Auto-Go<sup>™</sup> functionality. Under certain circumstances, after a normal ACB stop, ACB Stop & Auto-Go may automatically accelerate the vehicle up to the previously set cruise control speed without additional driver input while also attempting to maintain the set following distance between your vehicle and the detected forward vehicle.

After a normal ACB stop, the service brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop (refer to the Service Brake Hold section on page 15 for more details). If the detected forward vehicle moves forward within a few seconds and a pedestrian is not detected, your vehicle may accelerate back up to the previously set cruise control speed while attempting to maintain the set following distance between your vehicle and the detected forward vehicle. See Figure 8.

If the system detects a pedestrian, the ACB Stop and Auto-Go feature may cancel and the foundation brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop until you, the driver, intervene by pressing the brake pedal, applying the parking brake, or pressing the accelerator vehicle to normally speed up the vehicle. *See Figure 9.* 

If the detected forward vehicle does not move forward within a few seconds, the driver may see a Paused Cruise Control message on the dash display. *See Figure 10.* 



Figure 8 - ACB Actively Engaged

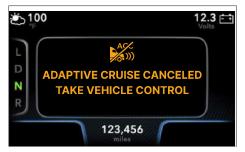


Figure 9 - ACB Canceled - Take Vehicle Control



Figure 10 - Paused Cruise Control

In addition to a pedestrian being detected, the ACB Stop & Auto-Go feature may also cancel and the brake hold may activate under any of the following circumstances:

- If the forward vehicle is no longer detected
- If the turn signal is activated
- If the hazard lights are activated
- If the steering system input indicates the vehicle is planning to turn

#### Passing a Vehicle / Changing Lanes

The accelerator pedal can be applied to pass a vehicle at any time while the ACB system is active.

#### When No Forward Vehicle is Present

When cruise control is switched on and set and no forward vehicle is within range of the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system, the vehicle will use standard cruise control to help maintain the set speed.

#### The Forward Detected Vehicle Icon

When cruise control is switched on and set, and a vehicle ahead of you is detected by the system, the forward detected vehicle icon on the vehicle display will illuminate. *See Figure 11*.

This is an indication to you that the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system detected the forward vehicle, and the system may automatically intervene to help maintain the distance.



Figure 11 - Forward Detected Vehicle Icon

#### What is Following Distance?

Following distance refers to the time gap – measured in seconds – between the vehicle equipped with the Wingman Fusion system and the detected vehicle ahead. The following distance between the two will vary based on the speeds of both vehicles. This physical distance is sometimes referred to as "headway."

#### **Automatic Service Brake Applications**

The vehicle automatically manages service braking priorities among the various Bendix<sup>®</sup> vehicle systems that automatically use the service brakes, such as the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Electronic Stability Program (ESP<sup>®</sup>), Bendix<sup>®</sup> Automatic Traction Control (ATC), Bendix<sup>®</sup> Antilock Braking System (ABS), and the Wingman Fusion system.

**NOTE:** Vehicle stability has priority over all other braking requests.

This vehicle's active cruise with braking system must only be used in the same conditions that are normally recommended for cruise control systems that do not have active, adaptive, or predictive systems. **DO NOT** USE CRUISE CONTROL IN THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS:

Inclement Weather/Low Visibility Situations – <u>Do not use</u> cruise control in inclement weather or low visibility conditions – such as rain, snow, smoke, fog, ice, or other severe weather conditions.	*
Dense Traffic – Follow all safe driving practices.	
Sharp Curves and Winding Roads – <u>Do not use</u> cruise control when traveling sharply curved or winding roadways. CAUTION: Road curvature may impact the radar's ability to track vehicles ahead in the same lane.	$(\mathbf{x})$
Entrance or Exit Ramps – Follow all safe driving practices.	
Downhill Grades – Follow all safe driving practices.	
Construction Zones – <u>Do not use</u> cruise control in construction zones.	
Off-Road – <u>Do not use</u> cruise control in off-road conditions.	

#### Impact Alert (IA) and Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB)

Impact Alert (IA) is the most severe warning the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system can make. It can become active at low vehicle speeds (e.g. < 10 mph), but can also change with different versions of Fusion. Contact your dealer for more information. The alert indicates that a collision with the detected forward vehicle is likely, and **you should take immediate action** to potentially avoid – or lessen the severity of – the potential collision. If you do not address the potential forward collision,

the Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB) function may reduce throttle and automatically apply up to full service brakes on the tractor while pulsing air to the trailer brakes – if needed – to help mitigate or lessen the severity of the potential collision.

When activated, you may be notified by an audible and visual indication from the OEM-integrated display. If, as a result of the Wingman Fusion system intervention, the vehicle comes to a full stop, the service brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop until you, the driver, intervene. Service brake hold is only available on vehicles equipped with ACB Stop and Driver-Go<sup>™</sup>.



Figure 12a - AEB System Monitoring Ahead



Figure 12b - AEB System Alert and Possible Autonomous Braking Applied

*Figures 12a and 12b* shows examples of messages you may see on the integrated display when the IA or AEB is activated.

**NOTE:** At all times, you, the driver, are responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle and you should be alert and ready to potentially intervene.

**NOTE:** The Bendix Fusion system does not react (alert and/or brake) to all potential collision situations. The system also does not react to stationary objects. As the driver, you are responsible for the safe operation of the vehicle at all times. For more information on system limitations, *refer to BW8107, Challenging Scenarios, on b2bendix. com or the section "Potentially Challenging Situations for the Bendix Fusion System"* in this operator's manual.

#### Service Brake Hold

**NOTE:** The Service Brake Hold function is only available on vehicles equipped with ACB Stop and Driver-Go<sup>™</sup>.

If, as a result of the Wingman Fusion system brake intervention, the vehicle comes to a full stop, the service brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop until you, the driver, intervene via throttle, service brake application, or by setting the parking brakes. <u>Service brake hold is not</u> <u>a parking brake and you must intervene</u> and secure the vehicle.



Figure 13 - Service Brake Hold

If after a set period of time the driver does not respond, the integrated display may show a driver intervention request (*See Figure 13*).

If you choose to exit the vehicle, you are responsible for setting the parking brakes.

**NOTE:** The service brake hold can be canceled if you, the driver, press the accelerator pedal or the brake pedal, or apply the parking brake.

#### **Slower Moving Vehicles Ahead**

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system is ready to potentially intervene with service braking, as needed, if the system determines that a potential collision with a slower moving vehicle ahead is imminent. However, you, the driver, must apply additional braking or possible steering when necessary to maintain a safe distance with the vehicle ahead. When approaching a slower moving vehicle ahead, you should anticipate this and take necessary action.



Figure 14 - Slower Moving Vehicle Ahead

Do not wait for the system to intervene!

*Figure 14* shows examples of the messages you may see on the integrated display when the FDA and Impact Alert (IA), or AEB, is activated.

#### Stationary Vehicle Braking (SVB)

When a potential collision with a stationary vehicle in your lane of travel is detected, the system may sound an alert before braking. If you, the driver, don't take action to address the potential impact, the Wingman Fusion system may reduce throttle and apply service brakes to assist you in potentially avoiding and/or reducing the severity of the collision with the detected stationary vehicle. If, as a result of the Wingman Fusion system intervention, the vehicle comes to a full stop, the service brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop until you, the driver, intervene. Service brake hold is only available on vehicles equipped with ACB Stop and Driver-Go<sup>™</sup>.

Service brake hold is not a parking brake and you must intervene and secure the <u>vehicle</u>. As the driver, you should use caution and manually apply the parking brakes on or when exiting the vehicle.

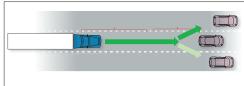
**NOTE:** At all times, you, the driver, are responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle and you should be alert and ready to potentially intervene.

**NOTE:** The service brake hold can be canceled if you, the driver, press the accelerator pedal or the brake pedal, or apply the parking brake.

**NOTE:** The Fusion system **DOES NOT** respond to stationary objects. Fusion will not slow the truck or provide an alert as it approaches stationary objects.

#### Multi-lane Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB)

See Figure 15. Once a collision mitigation braking event begins and you, as the driver, steer into an adjacent lane to avoid the forward vehicle, the Bendix Fusion system's Multi-lane AEB feature may continue to apply the brakes and sound an alert when it detects a potential collision threat in the new lane of travel. The Wingman Fusion system may potentially mitigate a collision with the forward vehicle or potentially mitigate a collision threat in the adjacent lane after the first AEB event has started. Once a collision mitigation braking event begins and you, as the driver, steer into an adjacent lane to avoid the forward vehicle, the Wingman Fusion system's Multi-lane AEB feature may continue to apply the brakes and sound an alert when it detects a potential collision threat in the new lane of travel. If there is no potential threat in the lane you swerve into, system intervention may stop.



The Wingman Fusion system's Multi-lane AEB feature may potentially help you, the driver, mitigate both the first, and potentially the second, crash situation.

Figure 15 - Multi-lane AEB

If, as a result of the Wingman Fusion system intervention, the vehicle comes to a full stop, the service brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop until you, the driver, intervene with a service brake application, throttle or by setting the parking brake. Service brake hold is only available on vehicles equipped with ACB Stop and Driver-Go<sup>™</sup>. <u>Service brake hold is not a parking brake and you must intervene and secure the vehicle</u>. As the driver, you should use caution and manually apply the parking brakes on or when exiting the vehicle.

**NOTE:** At all times, you, the driver, are responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle and you should be alert and ready to potentially intervene.

**NOTE:** The service brake hold can be canceled if you, the driver, press the accelerator pedal or the brake pedal, or apply the parking brake.

#### **Driver Override**

At all times, you, the driver, are responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle and you should be alert and ready to intervene. Some driver actions can override Wingman Fusion system activations. Once an AEB event has started, you, the driver, can override its activation by applying a significant change in accelerator position during the initial stage of braking or by making a full throttle application. The system may respond with a warning and some braking before AEB is suppressed.

#### **Following Distance Alerts (FDA)**

Following Distance Alerts (FDAs) are enabled above the minimum speed threshold and are independent of Active Cruise with Braking (ACB). FDAs are both audible and visual indications to you, the driver, whenever your vehicle is within the alert range of the detected forward vehicle.

Once the audible alert is given, you should increase the distance between your vehicle and the forward vehicle until the audible alert stops.

The FDA is ready to alert you even when the vehicle is moving at low speeds. If the distance continues to decrease, you may hear and see more rapid alerts. *Figure 16* shows messages you may receive on the integrated display when the FDA is activated.



Figure 16 - FDA

When the FDA reaches its highest level, the beeping may be rapid and the display may show an additional visual alert. *Figure 17* shows messages you may see on the integrated display when the highest level FDA and Impact Alert (IA), or AEB alert, is activated.

If you are following very close to the detected forward vehicle while your distance with the detected forward vehicle is also decreasing, the system may anticipate a potential collision and

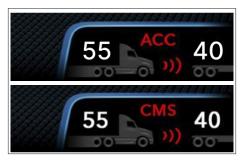


Figure 17 - IA and AEB

may activate the Impact Alert and possibly Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB) function. You should intervene to slow down, increase your following distance with the forward vehicle, or take other action as needed to address the potential collision.

#### Notes

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system does not react (alert or braking) to stationary objects. As the driver, you are responsible for the safe operation of the vehicle at all times. For more information, refer to *BW8107 Challenging Scenarios* on b2bendix.com.

#### Lane Departure Warning (LDW)

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system has the ability to warn you if your vehicle unintentionally departs its lane or you change lanes without using the turn signal by emitting an audible rumble strip sound to get your attention. In most applications, the Lane Departure Warning (LDW) feature is enabled above 37 mph (60 kph). If the turn signal is used to change lanes, the LDW feature is suppressed and no audible or visual alerts are activated. You should always be aware of your vehicle's lane position and be ready to immediately correct as needed.

Figure 20 shows integrated display messages you may see:

- A. Driver Assistance Screen. The system is detecting the lane lines.
- B. Right LDW feature (when not viewing the Driver Assistance Screen).
- C. Driver Assistance Screen. Lane Departure Warning indicates vehicle is departing the lane.
- <u>گ</u> 100 2.3 B A 150 RIGHT LANE DEPARTURE 55 123,456 123.456 55 <u>ٹ</u>100 12.3 D LANE DEPARTURE 123.456 123 456
- D. The LDW feature is disabled for approximately 15 minutes.

#### Figure 20 - LDW Messages

**NOTE:** When making lane changes, the proper use of the turn signals and/or hazard lights ensures the Wingman Fusion system LDW, Highway Departure Warning (HDW), and Highway Departure Braking (HDB) technologies are aware of the driver's intention to depart a lane and may suppress alerts and braking.

The vehicle is equipped with a 15-minute LDW, HDW, and HDB disable switch (*Figure 19*) that you can activate when driving on roads with inconsistent lane markings that can cause excessive false warnings. Examples would include construction zones, poorly marked lanes, or missing lane markings. The system alerts will automatically become available again after 15 minutes or if the disable switch is pressed a second time.



Figure 19 - LDW, HDW, and HDB Disable Switch

#### **Highway Departure Warning (HDW)**

The Highway Departure Warning (HDW) feature may potentially provide an audible alert if the system determines your vehicle has unintentionally left the roadway.

In most applications, the HDW alert is enabled above 37 mph (60 kph). If this alert is sounded, you should immediately correct the vehicle path into the proper lane position.





*Figure 20* shows the message you may see on the integrated display when Highway Departure Warning (HDW) alert is activated.

#### Highway Departure Braking (HDB)

If the highway departure situation that caused the HDW is not addressed, the Wingman Fusion system may potentially apply the brakes to assist in reducing your vehicle speed. In some circumstances, the system may be capable of reducing the vehicle speed to a full stop.

Figure 21 shows the message you may see on the integrated display when Highway Departure Warning (HDB) is activated.



Figure 21 - HDB

If, as a result of the HDB feature intervention, the vehicle comes to a full stop, the service brakes may hold the vehicle at a stop until you, the driver, intervene. Service brake hold is only available on vehicles equipped with ACB Stop and Driver-Go<sup>™</sup>. Service brake hold is not a parking brake and you must intervene and secure the vehicle. You, the driver, should manually set the parking brakes when exiting the vehicle.

**NOTE:** At all times, you, the driver, are responsible for the control and safe operation of the vehicle and you should be alert and ready to intervene.

**NOTE:** An active HDB event can be overriden by the driver by steering, or by service brake input, or by applying full throttle. Additionally, the HDB feature can be suppressed by activating the turn signal or hazard lights when making a lane change.



Figure 22 - LDW, HDW, and HDB Disable Switch

**NOTE:** HDW and HDB can only be activated if the lane markings are identifiable by the system.

**NOTE:** When making lane changes, the proper use of the turn signals and/or hazard lights ensures the Bendix Wingman Fusion system Lane Departure Warning (LDW), HDW, and HDB features are aware of the driver's intention to depart a lane and may suppress alerts and braking. The vehicle is equipped with a 15-minute LDW, HDW, and HDB disable switch (*Figure 22*) that you can activate when driving on roads with inconsistent lane markings that can cause excessive LDW, false warnings. Examples would include construction zones, HDW, and HDB poorly marked lanes, or missing lane markings. The Disable Switch alerts will automatically become available again after 15 minutes or if the disable switch is pressed a second time.

When HDW and HDB are activated excessively, the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system provides a warning and may disable these features until the driver restarts the vehicle. Other Wingman Fusion system features, including LDW, will remain available.

**NOTE:** The service brake hold can be canceled if you press the accelerator pedal or the brake pedal, or apply the parking brake.

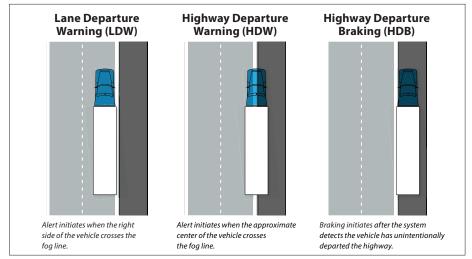


Figure 23 - LDW, HDW, and HDB

#### **Overspeed Alert and Action (OAA)**

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system can read most roadside speed limit signs in the United States and Canada and may potentially warn you if your vehicle speed exceeds the posted speed limit.

The Overspeed Alert and Action (OAA) may potentially sound an audible and visual alert to you when your vehicle is traveling at +5 mph (8 kph) over the posted speed limit.

If your vehicle is traveling at +10 mph (16 kph) over the posted speed limit, in addition to the alert, you may potentially experience a haptic warning through a brief engine torque reduction of about one (1) second.



Figure 24 - OAA

Both the +5 and +10 mph thresholds are customizable by your fleet and may vary. Also, the system does not sound an OAA when the posted speed limit is 20 mph (32 kph) or less.

*Figure 24* shows a message you may see on the integrated display when the OAA is activated. Please verify with the vehicle Operator's Manual for audible and visual indications your vehicle may display.

**NOTE:** The Overspeed Alert & Action function does not apply vehicle brakes.

#### SPECIAL ALERTS

#### **Brake Overuse Alert**

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system may potentially provide a warning when it is intervening and using the service brakes excessively. Overuse of the service brakes can lead to the brakes overheating which may result in a reduction or loss of braking performance. This scenario is typically referred to as brake fade. Using cruise

control on downhill stretches of road may cause this alert to activate. When the system detects brake overuse, a text message may be shown on the display along with an audible alert. As the driver, you should intervene immediately. *Figure 25* shows a message you may see on the integrated display when the Brake Overuse Alert is activated. Please verify with the vehicle Operator's Manual for audible and visual indications your vehicle may display.



Figure 25 - Brake Overuse Alert

Once the brake overuse alert is activated, certain driver interventions that cancel cruise control – such as stepping on the brake pedal or switching off cruise control – may discontinue the alert. Following a brake overuse alert, you should not reset cruise control for at least 20 minutes. This may give the brakes time to cool down.

If you choose to reset cruise control during that 20-minute period, the Wingman Fusion system interventions will be limited to de-throttling and engine retarder only. The system will automatically disable all the Wingman Fusion system service brake applications for at least 20 minutes.

If the system does not detect a driver intervention within 15 seconds after the brake overuse alert sounds, it will shut itself off and set a Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). You will continue to receive alerts, but all Wingman Fusion Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) system interventions (de-throttling, engine retarder, or brake applications) will be disabled until the next ignition cycle.

**NOTE:** In all cases, you have the ability to apply the service brakes if necessary. You should take care since overheated brakes may reduce the vehicle's braking capability. Overheated brakes could be an indicator of a malfunctioning system or service brake and should be checked by a certified technician immediately.

**NOTE:** In all cases, it is the driver's responsibility to maintain safe operation of their vehicle. This includes proper gear and speed selection, and engine retarder activation, especially when driving routes with extended downhill sections of roadway.

#### SYSTEM RESPONSES

This chart illustrates how the system reacts to specific driver actions.

Your Action:	Potential Reaction of the Bendix <sup>®</sup> Wingman <sup>®</sup> Fusion <sup>™</sup> System:
If you, the driver, do this:	The Wingman Fusion system may do this:
Step on the brake (during a collision mitigation event).	As the driver, you are always in control and are able to apply full braking power. The Bendix Fusion system will honor the greater braking power demand from either the driver or the system.
Step aggressively on the accelerator (during a	As the driver, you are always in control. Your actions can override any Wingman Fusion system actions.
collision mitigation event).	Once an AEB event has started, you, the driver, can override its activation by applying a significant change in accelerator position during the initial stage of braking or by making a full throttle application. The system may respond with a warning and some braking before AEB is suppressed.
Step on the brake (when cruise control is on and set).	Cruise control will be canceled.
Step on the brake or accelerator pedal, or activate the parking brake (when in service brake hold).	Service brake hold will be canceled. You, the driver, must intervene and secure the vehicle by pressing the accelerator pedal, brake pedal, or parking brake as appropriate.
Step on the accelerator (when cruise control is on and set).	Cruise control will be overridden until the accelerator is released; then cruise control will resume the original set speed automatically.
Switch on the cruise control.	Nothing. The ACB (Active Cruise with Braking) feature will not engage until you set the cruise control speed.
Switch off the cruise control.	The ACB feature will turn off; the collision mitigation feature remains active and ready to intervene, if needed. You, the driver, will continue to hear all alerts as needed.
Set the cruise control speed.	The ACB feature is automatically activated, and your vehicle maintains set speed and following distance behind the vehicle ahead.

Your Action:	Potential Reaction of the Bendix <sup>®</sup> Wingman <sup>®</sup> Fusion <sup>™</sup> System:
If you, the driver, do this:	The Wingman Fusion system may do this:
Block the radar.	The Wingman Fusion system performance will be diminished, or disabled, when the radar becomes physically blocked. When the radar can detect this condition, an alert may be issued to warn you of this condition.
	You should visually inspect the radar and mounting bracket regularly and remove any mud, snow, ice build-up, or other obstructions. After clearing any obstructions, you will need to turn the vehicle off and then on to clear the fault code.
Block the camera.	The Wingman Fusion system performance will be diminished, or disabled, whenever the camera becomes blocked. An alert may be issued to alert you of this condition.
	A blocked camera will be indicated through an alert and will disable all camera-based functions (e.g. Lane Departure Warning, Highway Departure Braking/Warning, Overs peed Alert and Action, and Autonomous Emergency Braking).
Use normal cruise control "+/-" switch.	Vehicle speed will be increased (+) or decreased (-) to achieve the new set speed, while actively maintaining the following distance with the vehicle ahead, if one is present within 328 ft (100 m).

#### WHAT TO EXPECT

The following charts illustrate what to expect from the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system in various driving situations you may encounter. Both the system indication, as well as action(s) to expect from the system, are illustrated on the pages that follow.

What to Expect		
Situation	Typical System Indications and Alerts	Typical System and/or Driver Actions
S	tationary vehicles ahead in you	r lane of travel
A stationary forward vehicle is detected ahead in your lane. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	A stationary vehicle alert may potentially be issued if the Wingman Fusion system determines a stationary vehicle is an imminent threat.	You must immediately act to potentially avoid – or lessen the severity of – a collision. If a collision is likely to occur, the Wingman Fusion system may potentially provide a warning and/or apply the vehicle brakes.

What to Expect		
Situation	Typical System Indications and Alerts	Typical System and/or Driver Actions
	Moving vehicles ahead in your	lane of travel
Your vehicle comes up fast behind a slower- moving detected forward vehicle. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	The Following Distance Alert (FDA) may potentially sound, and a visual message/icon may potentially appear on the display. Depending on how close your vehicle approaches, the system may initiate an Impact Alert (IA) warning.	You must respond as needed. If a collision is likely to occur, the collision mitigation feature may potentially apply your vehicle's service brakes.
The detected forward vehicle slows rapidly. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	The FDA and IA warning (continuous tone) may potentially sound, and a visual message/icon typically appears on the display.	You must respond as needed. If a collision is likely to occur, the collision mitigation feature may potentially apply your vehicle's brakes.
Another vehicle crosses the road perpendicular to your path of travel – such as at an intersection. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	None.	None. You must respond as needed.
A collision mitigation braking event has begun and you, as the driver, steer into an adjacent lane to avoid the forward vehicle. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	If the system detects the adjacent lane is blocked by a potentially threatening situation, the Impact Alert (IA) warning may potentially sound and a visual message/ icon typically appears on the display.	The Bendix <sup>®</sup> Wingman <sup>®</sup> Fusion <sup>™</sup> system may potentially continue to apply the brakes if it detects another vehicle ahead in the new traffic lane posing a threat of collision.

What to Expect		
Situation	Typical System Indications and Alerts	Typical System and/or Driver Actions
Lane Depart	ure System Active (Lane detecti	on icons being displayed)
You activate the right or left turn signal, then merge into the corresponding lane. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	No Lane Departure Warning (LDW), Highway Departure Warning (HDW), or Highway Departure Braking (HDB) alerts or braking would occur. However, other Autonomous Emergency Braking-related (AEB) functions would operate as intended.	None.
Traveling below approximately 37 mph / 60 kph, your vehicle crosses a lane marker (without the corresponding turn signal activated). Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	No Lane Departure Warning (LDW), Highway Departure Warning (HDW), or Highway Departure Braking (HDB) alerts or braking would occur. However, other Autonomous Emergency Braking-related (AEB) functions would operate as intended.	None. You must respond as needed.
Traveling above approximately 37 mph/60 kph, your vehicle departs your lane of travel without the corresponding turn signal activated. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	A "rumble strip" audible/ vibration/visual alert may potentially activate.	You must respond as needed. If you do not respond, the Bendix <sup>®</sup> Wingman <sup>®</sup> Fusion <sup>™</sup> system may potentially apply the brakes if the foo line is crossed to reduce the vehicle speed to alert you. (Use the turn signal when changing lanes and/or keep your vehicle within the lane markings.)

What to Expect		
Situation	Typical System Indications and Alerts	Typical System and/or Driver Actions
	Overspeed Alert and A	ction
Your vehicle passes a U.S. or Canadian speed limit sign and you are not speeding. Cruise is either "ON" or "OFF."	The OEM-integrated display may potentially show the posted speed limit.	None.
In some cases, the Overspeed Alert and Action feature may detect speed signs on parallel roads, warning you, the driver, and reducing the accelerator pedal input.	A possible alert will sound.	The system may respond with a possible dethrottle.
Your vehicle passes a speed limit sign and your vehicle is exceeding the speed limit by 5 to 9 mph (8 to 14 kph).	An Overspeed Alert and Action (OAA) may potentially be issued and the posted speed limit will be visually presented to you, the driver.	None.
Your vehicle passes a speed limit sign and is traveling >10 mph (16 kph) over the posted speed limit.	An OAA may potentially be issued and the posted speed limit will be visually presented to inform you that your vehicle should slow down.	A one-second accelerator pedal decrease of the engine may potentially occur.

	What to Expect	
Situation	Typical System Indications and Alerts	Typical System and/or Driver Actions
Inter	actions with vehicles ahead in ye	our lane of travel
With no detected forward vehicle.	None.	None.
With a detected forward vehicle. Cruise is "ON" and speed	The cruise control ON indicator is illuminated and the detected forward vehicle icon is illuminated.	The Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) feature will maintain the set speed and following distance.
is "SET."	Forward vehicle is displayed on the Driver Assistance screen.	
	Speed of the forward vehicle is displayed on the Driver Assistance screen & in the lower right-hand corner.	
The detected forward vehicle slows moderately. Cruise is "ON" and speed is "SET."	The Following Distance Alert (FDA) may potentially sound, and a visual message or icon typically appears on the display.	You must respond as needed. If the system intervenes, it may derate the engine, the engine retarder may be engaged, and the service brakes may be applied, in that order. If your vehicle speed falls below the minimum defined speed, the vehicle will automatically cancel cruise control and <u>will not</u> attempt to increase the vehicle speed to the previously set cruise control speed.
The detected forward vehicle slows moderately to a full stop. Cruise is "ON" and speed is "SET."	The FDA may sound, and a visual message or icon typically appears on the display.	The system may intervene to bring the vehicle to a full stop. You, the driver, can resume cruise control by pressing down on the throttle within a few seconds and the vehicle will automatically accelerate back to the cruise control set speed.

What to Expect		
Situation	Typical System Indications and Alerts	Typical System and/or Driver Actions
Inte	ractions with vehicles ahead in ye	our lane of travel
The detected forward vehicle slows rapidly. Cruise is "ON" and speed is "SET."	The Impact Alert (IA) warning (continuous tone), may potentially sound and a visual message/icon typically appears on the display. The Following Distance Alert (FDA) may also be heard.	You must respond as needed. If the system intervenes, the vehicle accelerator pedal input may be reduced; the engine retarder may be engaged; and the service brakes may be applied, in that order.
A detected forward vehicle traveling at a higher rate of speed cuts in front of your vehicle and speeds away. Cruise is "ON" and speed is "SET."	FDAs may be given, depending on the exact system configuration that has been set for the vehicle, and how close the vehicle cuts in front.	Vehicle maintains set speed and distance.
	Downhill Grades	<u> </u>
Going down a grade with a detected forward vehicle. Cruise is "ON" and speed	DO NOT USE cruise control on downhill grades.	DO NOT USE cruise control on downhill grades. Brake overuse may occur.
is "SET." Cruise control	should NOT be used on downhill g tructions on proper gear usage for de	

**NOTE:** The preceding sections show examples of situations and typical Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system responses. However, the charts do not attempt to cover all possible situations.

# ▲ Due to the inherent limitations of radar and camera technology as well as the vast number of traffic scenarios possible, the enhanced collision mitigation technology may not:

- react to moving vehicles in your vehicle's lane of travel.
- sound alerts, warnings, or brake interventions when expected.

Additionally, alerts, warnings, or brake interventions may occur when not expected.

#### POTENTIALLY CHALLENGING SITUATIONS FOR THE BENDIX<sup>®</sup> WINGMAN<sup>®</sup> FUSION<sup>™</sup> SYSTEM

The following examples illustrate situations in which the Wingman Fusion system may potentially issue an alert or braking in a manner not consistent with your expectations. The Wingman Fusion system may unexpectedly issue warnings, apply braking, or not respond. For further information on challenging scenarios, *refer to BW8107*, *Challenging Scenarios*, *on b2bendix.com*.

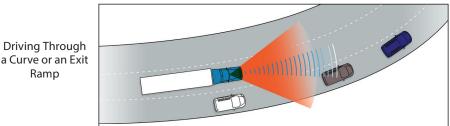
Driver Assistance Systems (DAS), such as the family of Bendix Wingman Fusion active safety solutions, help to continuously monitor a variety of vehicle parameters and sensors to determine if the vehicle is near a collision or a following distance threshold. As a reminder, all Driver Assistance Systems have limitations and may misinterpret a scenario leading to a reaction when one is not anticipated or when one may not be required. This section describes driving scenarios that may be challenging for any Bendix safety system.

#### **KEY SYSTEM FUNCTIONALITY CLARIFICATIONS**

- High speed differences between your truck and the detected forward vehicle may potentially result in little to no system alert or activation.
- Radars work based on reflections from metallic objects which can overlap, cancel, or interfere, causing the radar sensor to miss targets or see false targets.
- Low light or low roadway-background contrast conditions can impact the camera's ability to recognize the forward vehicle and limit system braking performance.

#### **Driving Through Curves:**

When driving through curves, adaptive cruise control and collision mitigation systems may detect vehicles in adjacent lanes. The system also may not recognize forward vehicles as in-lane depending on curvature and may react late to in-lane objects within a curve.

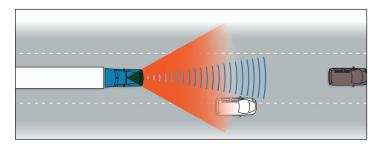


Ramp

#### **Offset Forward Vehicles:**

Vehicles that are offset, or not completely in your vehicle's lane of travel, may not be detected or trigger a reaction by the vehicle's collision mitigation system.

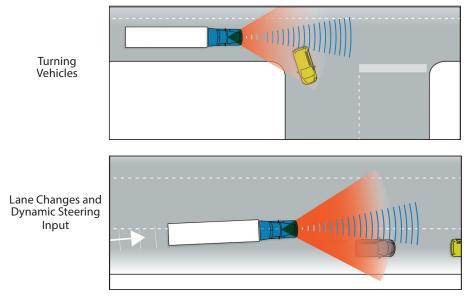
Other Vehicles Partially Inside Your Lane of Travel



#### In-Lane Slow Vehicles:

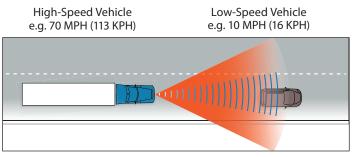
When the detected forward vehicle makes a sharp turn or your vehicle changes lanes behind a slow, in-lane vehicle, the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system may perceive this as an in-lane slow or stopped vehicle. The system may continue to track the vehicle as the forward vehicle continues through the turn or your vehicle completes a lane change causing the Fusion system to possibly warn or brake.

The system may continue reacting as the forward vehicles turns off the original road and onto the new road or as your vehicle has transitioned into the other lane. The system will release when the forward vehicle is sufficiently out of the initial lane and no longer considered a detected forward vehicle by the system.



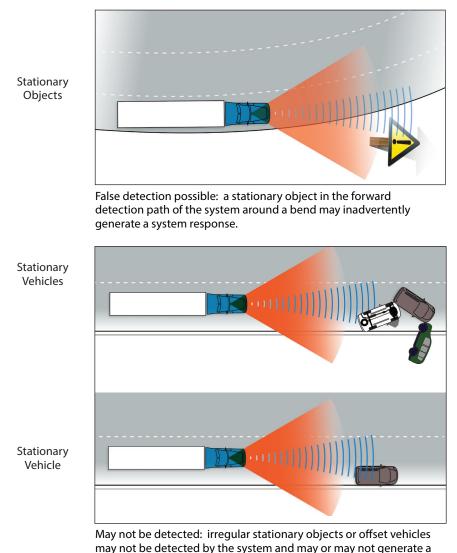
#### **High Differences in Speed:**

The higher the difference in speed between your truck and the detected forward vehicle, the less time the system has to react. High speed differences between your truck and the detected forward vehicle may potentially result in little to no system alert or activation.



#### **Stationary Vehicles and Objects:**

- Signs, bridges, or other sizeable, stationary metallic objects may be falsely detected by collision mitigation systems. Although not very common and usually not very long in duration, the system may, on occasion, activate a false alert or possibly a momentary false braking event on these objects.
- Objects that are not recognized as a forward vehicle may not trigger a reaction by the system.
- Objects that are offset in your vehicle's lane of travel may not trigger a reaction by the system.

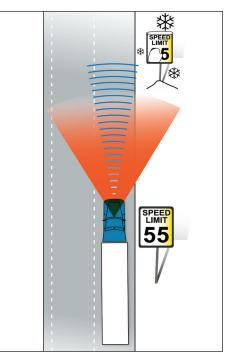


system response.

#### Speed Limit Sign Detection:

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system detects roadway speed signs in order to alert the driver and sometimes dethrottle the vehicle when traveling over the posted speed limit (Overspeed Alert & Action). In some scenarios, the system may detect the speed limit sign from a parallel roadway and inadvertently alert the driver.

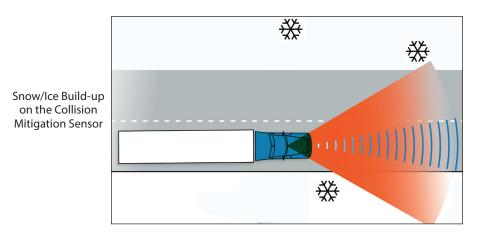
In some other situations, the system may not detect roadway speed signs. In about the first five (5) minutes of driving, the Fusion system will conduct a calibration procedure in which the system will not provide any Overspeed alert or dethrottling.



#### Weather Conditions:

Heavy precipitation – in particular, snow and ice build-up in front of a collision mitigation radar – may contribute to false detection of objects. This may, in turn, lead to false alerts or nuisance braking events.

If the forward radar becomes blocked and the Fusion system cannot reliably detect forward objects, a radar fault may be set.



#### Potential Causes of False Object Detection, Warning, and Braking

Potential Cause	Solution
Obstruction of radar – deer and moose guards, bumpers, etc.	Refer to Appendix A of the Bendix <sup>®</sup> FLR-25 <sup>™</sup> Radar Sensor Service Data sheet (SD-29-50022) for radar mounting clearance. Ensure the guard/bumper does not interfere with the radar beam clearance area.
Obstruction of radar or camera – debris	Inspect the radar or camera and remove any road debris blocking the front of the radar.
Obstruction of radar – mud/ ice/snow accumulation in front of the radar or on a radar cover	Inspect the radar and remove any mud, snow, or ice build-up in front of the radar or the cover.
Radar misalignment	Inspect the radar mounting A solid mounting surface is necessary in order to hold the alignment. If the bumper or mounting cross-member is damaged, replace it.

If, after becoming familiar with the contents of this document, you still believe the Bendix® Wingman® Fusion™ system is not performing properly, Bendix recommends the following:

- Run the most current version of the Bendix<sup>®</sup> ACom<sup>®</sup> PRO<sup>™</sup> Diagnostic Software to determine if an active fault exists with the system. Correct the fault(s) prior to placing the vehicle back in service.
- Verify the radar is operating the latest software version. This can be determined by using the ACom PRO Diagnostic Software or by contacting your Bendix account manager. This radar software helps reduce sensitivity to road conditions that may cause a radar blind condition.
- Fully understand when the braking occurred. It may be a challenging condition for the system that may not be called out in this document. Driver training may be required to fully understand how the system(s) operates.

**NOTE:** All radar-based systems are sensitive to conditions such as those described within this document, and all radar systems have limitations. It is unlikely that full elimination of unwanted false-positive activations will be possible with this generation of technology. There is no substitute for a skilled, alert driver exercising safe driving techniques and proactive, comprehensive driver education. Responsibility for the safe operation of the vehicle remains with the driver at all times.

**NOTE:** The preceding section shows examples of situations and typical Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system responses. However, the scenarios do not attempt to cover all possible situations.

#### **Tracking Vehicles in a Curve**

With cruise control set, when following a detected forward vehicle around a curve, the forward detected vehicle tracking may be lost by the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system. The Active Cruise with Braking (ACB) feature will delay acceleration back to the set speed until one of the following events occur:

- The system regains contact with the vehicle ahead;
- The system detects that there is no longer a vehicle ahead; or
- A time gap has occurred (based on the last following distance recorded).

For example: Assume cruise control is set at 50 mph (80 kph) and you are following 3 seconds behind a vehicle traveling at 45 mph (72 kph) that just entered a sharp curve. If the vehicle ahead is no longer detected as you travel around the curve, the Wingman Fusion system will delay the vehicle acceleration back to 50 mph (80 kph).

It is also possible for the Wingman Fusion system to begin tracking vehicles in other lanes when traveling around curves. In cases where the Wingman Fusion system perceives that an adjacent-lane vehicle is in your lane, the system may intervene and begin making brake applications.

#### **Curve Speed Control**

In sharp curves, ACB may limit acceleration to prevent reducing following distance with lead vehicles.

#### DIMINISHED OR PARTIAL BENDIX<sup>®</sup> WINGMAN<sup>®</sup> FUSION<sup>™</sup> SYSTEM FUNCTIONALITY

The performance of the Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system may be diminished or may have partial functionality when the radar or camera becomes blocked or has

not detected a forward vehicle for an extended period of time.

Figure 28 shows examples of alerts that will be issued on the integrated display to warn you of this condition.

When the radar is blocked, ACB, AEB, and FDA will not function.

When the camera is blocked LDW, HDB, OAA, and SVB will not function.

If the Wingman Fusion system has detected a problem, depending on the vehicle manufacturer, there will typically be a warning message on the display, a Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) will be set, and you will be alerted.

Figure 26 shows messages you may receive on the integrated vehicle display. Figure 26 - Blocked Sensors



In the case of blocked radar or detection of a problem on the radar, the system will determine – depending on the type of problem detected - if the vehicle may continue to have normal cruise control functions (without the benefits of the Wingman Fusion system), or if all cruise control functions need to be disabled until the vehicle is serviced. The system should be serviced as soon as possible to restore full Wingman Fusion functionality.

Conventional engine cruise control may be re-engaged by the driver when the radar is disabled. Camera-based functions, such as Lane Departure Warning (LDW) will remain.

#### Speed Only Mode



Figure 27 - Speed Only Mode

#### SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

#### **Preventive Maintenance**

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system is relatively maintenance-free. The key items to keep the system functioning properly include:

- Keep the area in front of the radar sensor and camera lens clean and free of obstructions.
- Visually inspect for any damage to the bumper or the Wingman Fusion cover, bracket, or radar to ensure the alignment has not been compromised. Never use the radar unit as a step.
- Verify there are no active system Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs).

#### **Equipment Maintenance**

- Importance of Antilock Braking System (ABS) Maintenance Optimal Bendix Wingman Fusion system braking requires a properly maintained ABS system, without any active ABS Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs). Have active DTCs repaired by a qualified technician. Any ABS DTCs will cause the Wingman Fusion system to deactivate.
- Importance of Brake Maintenance Optimal Wingman Fusion system braking requires properly maintained truck service brakes (drum, wide-drum, or air disc), which meet appropriate safety standards and regulations. Brake performance also requires the vehicle be equipped with properly sized and inflated tires with a safe tread depth.
- Radar Inspection You should visually inspect the radar and mounting bracket regularly and remove any mud, snow, ice build-up, or other obstructions. An alert may be issued when the radar detects it is blocked. After clearing any obstructions, you will need to turn the vehicle off and then on to clear the fault code. The installation of aftermarket deer guards, bumper guards, snow plows, or similar potential obstructions is not recommended, and could impair the operation of the radar.
- Radar Damage / Tampering In cases where the bumper and/or radar have sustained any damage, or if you suspect the radar has been tampered with, do not use the cruise control until the vehicle has been repaired. In addition, an indicator on the display typically will illuminate if the system detects any of these conditions. Consult your vehicle's Operator's Manual or contact Bendix for more information.
- Camera Inspection The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system camera is mounted to the windshield of the vehicle. The camera will be mounted inside the wiper pattern and should be clear of any obstructions. An alert may be issued to the driver when the camera is blocked. After clearing any obstructions, you will need to turn the vehicle off and then on to clear the fault code.

#### ADDITIONAL OPERATIONAL NOTES

#### **Adjusting the Alert Volume**

The Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> system audible alerts are pre-set at the factory for fully integrated systems and cannot be turned off by you, the driver.

#### **Event Capture**

For vehicles configured to do so, you can manually activate data and video capture by pushing and holding the LDW disable switch for 6 seconds. This will indicate to the SafetyDirect processor to capture and possibly transmit 10 seconds of video & data (5 before and 5 after button press). In some cases, more video data may be available using the optional SafetyDirect web portal (subscription fee applies).



Figure 28 - LDW, HDW, and HDB Disable Switch

#### **Other Information**

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Part 15: These devices comply with Part 15 of the FCC rules with the limits for a Class B digital device and with RSS-210 of Industry Canada. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) these devices may not cause harmful interference; and (2) these devices must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### **Acronyms and Definitions**

ABS	Antilock Braking System
ACB	Active Cruise with Braking
ACC	Adaptive Cruise Control
Bendix® ACom® PRO <sup>™</sup>	Bendix Diagnostic Software
AEB	Autonomous Emergency Braking
ATC	Automatic Traction Control
CMS	Collision Mitigation System
Detected Vehicle/Detected Forward Vehicle	A forward vehicle identified by the safety system that can cause a system reaction (alert or automatic braking).
DTC	Diagnostic Trouble Code
ESP	Electronic Stability Program
FDA	Following Distance Alert
Forward Vehicle	The car/truck/other vehicle directly in front of the host vehicle. Sometimes it is detected, other times it is not.
HDB	Highway Departure Braking
HDW	Highway Departure Warning
IA	Impact Alert
LDW	Lane Departure Warning
LED	Light Emitting Diode
OAA	Overspeed Alert and Action
OBC	On-board Computer
SVB	Stationary Vehicle Braking
Your Vehicle	The truck/tractor/specialty vehicle equipped with the safety system.

#### Additional Information Sources for Bendix® Systems on Your Vehicle

Visit b2bendix.com for free downloads of the Service Data sheets listed below, or to order paper copies of these publications from the Literature Center. Consult the vehicle manufacturer's documentation.

#### Service Data Sheet

- SD-29-50022 Bendix<sup>®</sup> Wingman<sup>®</sup> Fusion<sup>™</sup> FLR-25<sup>™</sup> Radar Sensor
- SD-64-20124 Bendix<sup>™</sup> AutoVue<sup>®</sup> FLC-20<sup>™</sup> Camera
- SD-13-4986 Bendix<sup>®</sup> EC-80<sup>™</sup> ESP<sup>®</sup> Controllers

For additional support, visit bendix.com or contact the Bendix Tech team for direct telephone technical support at 1-800-AIR-BRAKE (1-800-247-2725), option 2, Monday through Thursday, 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., and Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. ET.

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