

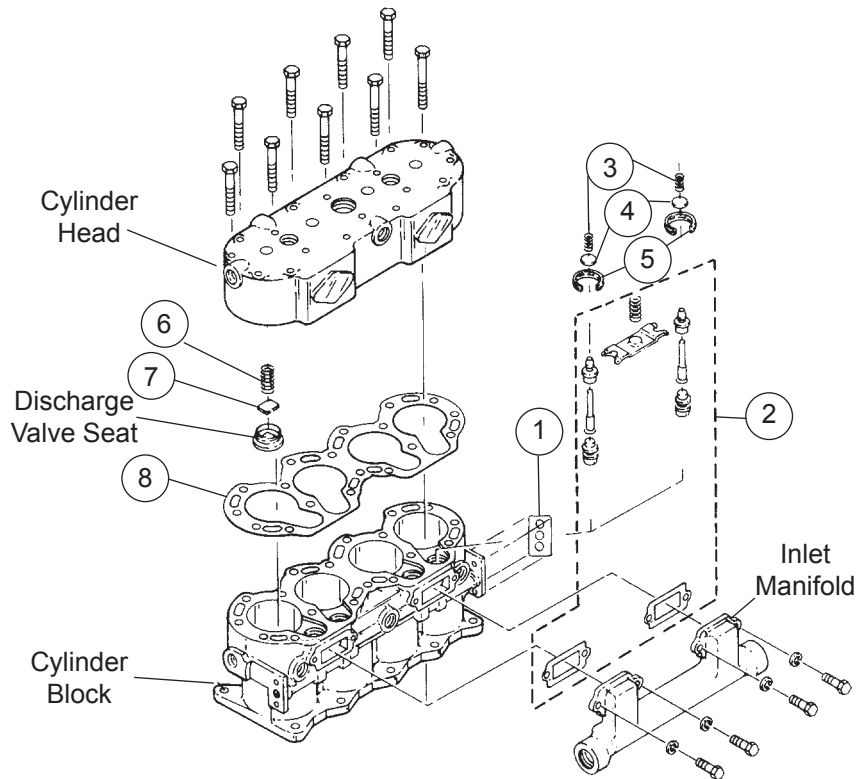
Installation Instructions



BENDIX® TU-FLO® 1400 COMPRESSOR MAINTENANCE KIT



**Bendix® Tu-Flo® 1400
Compressor**



Kit Contents		
Item No.	Description	Qty.
1	Governor Gasket	1
2	Maintenance Kit	2
3	Inlet Valve Spring	4
4	Inlet Valve	4
5	Inlet Valve Guide	4
6	Discharge Valve Spring	4
7	Discharge Valve	4
8	Cylinder Head Gasket	1

Figure 1 – Bendix® Tu-Flo® 1400 Compressor Kit Contents

GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES



WARNING! PLEASE READ AND FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS



TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH:

When working on or around a vehicle, the following guidelines should be observed **AT ALL TIMES**:

- ▲ Park the vehicle on a level surface, apply the parking brakes and always block the wheels. Always wear personal protection equipment.
- ▲ Stop the engine and remove the ignition key when working under or around the vehicle. When working in the engine compartment, the engine should be shut off and the ignition key should be removed. Where circumstances require that the engine be in operation, **EXTREME CAUTION** should be used to prevent personal injury resulting from contact with moving, rotating, leaking, heated or electrically-charged components.
- ▲ Do not attempt to install, remove, disassemble or assemble a component until you have read, and thoroughly understand, the recommended procedures. Use only the proper tools and observe all precautions pertaining to use of those tools.
- ▲ If the work is being performed on the vehicle's air brake system, or any auxiliary pressurized air systems, make certain to drain the air pressure from all reservoirs before beginning **ANY** work on the vehicle. If the vehicle is equipped with a Bendix® AD-IS® air dryer system, a Bendix® DRM™ dryer reservoir module, or a Bendix® AD-9si® air dryer, be sure to drain the purge reservoir.
- ▲ Following the vehicle manufacturer's recommended procedures, deactivate the electrical system in a manner that safely removes all electrical power from the vehicle.
- ▲ Never exceed manufacturer's recommended pressures.
- ▲ You should consult the vehicle manufacturer's operating and service manuals, and any related literature, in conjunction with the Guidelines above.
- ▲ Never connect or disconnect a hose or line containing pressure; it may whip and/or cause hazardous airborne dust and dirt particles. Wear eye protection. Slowly open connections with care, and verify that no pressure is present. Never remove a component or plug unless you are certain all system pressure has been depleted.
- ▲ Use only genuine Bendix® brand replacement parts, components and kits. Replacement hardware, tubing, hose, fittings, wiring, etc. must be of equivalent size, type and strength as original equipment and be designed specifically for such applications and systems.
- ▲ Components with stripped threads or damaged parts should be replaced rather than repaired. Do not attempt repairs requiring machining or welding unless specifically stated and approved by the vehicle and component manufacturer.
- ▲ Prior to returning the vehicle to service, make certain all components and systems are restored to their proper operating condition.
- ▲ For vehicles with Automatic Traction Control (ATC), the ATC function must be disabled (ATC indicator lamp should be ON) prior to performing any vehicle maintenance where one or more wheels on a drive axle are lifted off the ground and moving.
- ▲ The power **MUST** be temporarily disconnected from the radar sensor whenever any tests **USING A DYNAMOMETER** are conducted on a vehicle equipped with a Bendix® Wingman® system.

GENERAL

Prior to beginning work, set the parking brakes or block the vehicle's wheels and drain the air pressure from the brake system. Clean the compressor's exterior, paying special attention to the head and inlet cavity. To utilize this kit, it will—in most cases—not be necessary to remove the compressor from the vehicle.

DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the compressor discharge line fitting from the discharge port of the cylinder head and push the discharge line out of the way.
2. Remove the governor and the air line leading to the governor mounting pad on the opposite end of the cylinder block of the compressor. Remove and discard the governor mounting gasket (1) if the governor is mounted to the cylinder block.
3. Remove the inlet manifold or air strainers and discard the gaskets.
4. Remove the inlet and outlet water lines after draining the radiator.
5. Remove the unloader mechanism (2) following the instructions included with the unloader maintenance kit (which is part of this kit).
6. Remove the 18 cylinder head cap screws and tap the head with a mallet to break the gasket seal.
7. Remove and discard the inlet valves (4), valve springs (3) and inlet valve guides (5) from around the inlet valve seats on the block, taking care not to damage the seats.
8. Scrape any gasket material from the cylinder head and block.
9. Using a 1/2 inch Allen® wrench, remove and retain the four discharge valve seats. Discard the discharge valves (7) and discharge valve springs (6).

CLEANING & INSPECTION

Remove all the carbon deposits from the discharge cavities and all the rust and scale from the cooling cavities of the cylinder head body. Scrape all the foreign matter from the body surfaces and use shop air pressure to blow the dirt particles from all the cavities.

Prior to assembly, make the following inspections to determine the serviceability of parts not included in this kit, but necessary for proper operation.

1. Inspect the inlet valve seats in the cylinder block for excessive wear, nicks, and scratches. These seats can be "dressed" with a lapping stone to remove all nicks or scratches.
2. Inspect the unloader bushing bores in the block for corrosion and excessive wear.

If while performing the above inspections if it becomes apparent that these parts are not salvageable, obtain replacement parts from your nearest Bendix® outlet. Complete compressor rebuilding instructions, as well as the replacement of parts outside the scope of this kit, are contained in Service Data sheet SD-01-334. This publication is available on bendix.com.

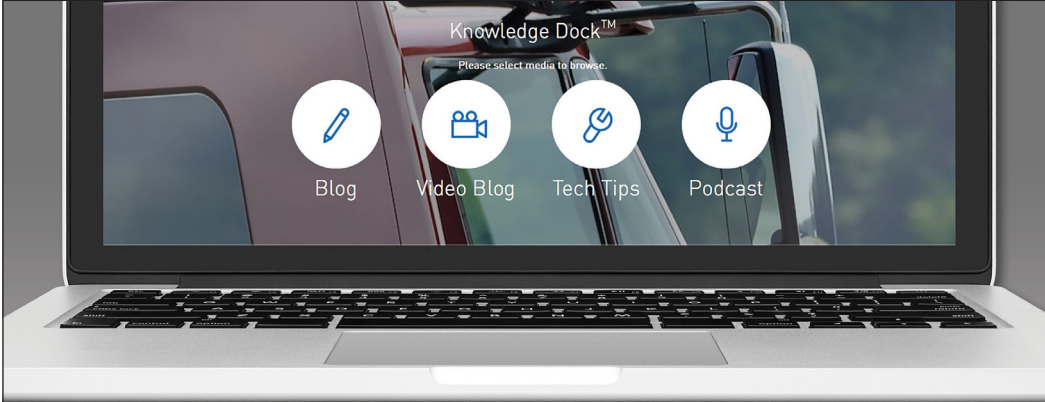
ASSEMBLY

1. Install the unloader mechanism (8) following the instructions packaged in the unloader maintenance kit.
2. Install the discharge valve spring (6) and the discharge valve (7) into the head. Retain by screwing the discharge seat into the head and torque to 70-90 ft-lbs. Repeat on all four discharge valves in the head.
3. Install the inlet valve springs (3) in the cylinder head by applying a turning motion to the spring after it is in the head.
4. Install inlet valve guides (5) and inlet valves (4) on the inlet valve seats.
5. Place the cylinder head gasket (8) on the cylinder block. Carefully align the cylinder head assembly on the block and install the 18 cap screws, tightening them evenly to a torque of 15-20 ft-lbs.
6. Replace the discharge line, governor and inlet manifold or air strainers using the new gaskets.
7. Reconnect the cylinder head water lines and refill the radiator.


COMPRESSOR TESTING

A compressor efficiency or build-up test can be run. An engine lubricated compressor must be connected to an oil supply line of at least 15 psi during the test and an oil return line must be installed to keep the crankcase drained. The compressor (when tested) should be tested without a strainer. To the discharge port of the compressor, connect a reservoir or reservoirs whose volume plus the volume of the connecting lines equal 1300 cubic inches. Run the compressor between 1700 and 1750 rpm. Elapsed time that the compressor takes to build up from 0 to 100 psi is 15 seconds maximum.

During the above test, the compressor should be checked for oil leakage and noisy operation.



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