

# Installation Instructions

### ANTILOCK SYSTEMS USING THE EC-14/MC-14

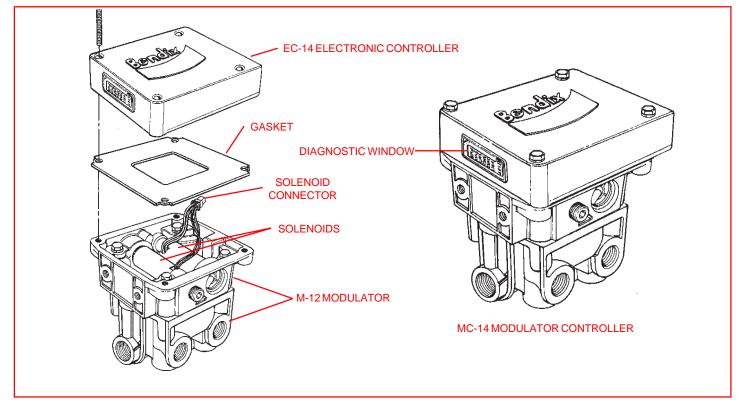


FIGURE 1 EC-14 CONTROLLER AND MC-14 MODULATOR CONTROLLER

### DIAGNOSING AND LOCATING A SYSTEM PROBLEM

### GENERAL

The EC-14 contains self test and diagnostic circuitry that continuously checks for proper operation of the entire antilock system including wiring continuity. A dash lamp, controlled by the EC-14, advises the driver of the condition of the entire antilock system. The condition of specific antilock components is provided to the mechanic by a series of labeled, Light Emitting Diodes (LED's) displayed through a "window" in the EC-14 housing. No special tools or equipment are needed to read or interpret the EC-14 diagnostics window. It should be noted that the EC-14 diagnostics display is separate from the antilock condition lamp on the dash. With this separation, the driver is aware of any problems that occur but is not confused by the diagnostic information.

A special feature of the EC-14 controller is the failure latching and diagnostic system. Intermittent problems, particularly in the wheel speed sensing area can be difficult to diagnose. When the controller senses an erroneous condition, whether in the controller electronics, the modulator or wheel speed sensing areas, it stores the condition in non-volatile memory, disables the antilock function, illuminates the dash mounted antilock condition lamp and the appropriate diagnostic LEDs on the EC-14. The failure condition is truly stored and is not cleared by loss of power to the EC-14. The LEDs will re-light when power is restored and remain illuminated until the failure is corrected. After the actual problem is corrected, maintenance personnel can clear or reset the EC-14 diagnostics by passing a small magnet over the RESET point in the diagnostics window.

#### **DIAGNOSTIC LEDs**

There are nine LEDs plus a magnetically actuated reset switch in the EC-14 diagnostic window. The first five LEDs locate a problem to a specific area of the vehicle while the last four indicate the problem component or its wiring. The LEDs are software driven and are either ON or OFF depending upon their monitor function. (Note: Right and left, front and rear are determined from the driver's seat. Left front is therefore the corner closest to the driver.)

LED	oFRONT	RedLED
LED	o MID	Red LED (SEE NOTE BELOW)
LED	o REAR	RedLED
LED	oRIGHT	RedLED
LED	oLEFT	RedLED
LED	o MOD	RedLED
LED	o SENS	RedLED
LED	o ECU	RedLED
LED	o VOLT	GreenLED
RESET		NoLED

NOTE: The MID LED shown in the chart above is not used in the diagnostic process for the EC-14 however it will light when a magnet is placed on the RESET switch in the diagnostic window.

#### "FRONT" LED

This Red LED illuminates and latches ON in order to indicate the location of a problem component or its wiring. It will light in conjunction with either the RIGHT or LEFT LED and the SENS LED when indicating a sensor malfunction. The FRONT LED will also light in conjunction with the MOD LED to indicate that the front modulator (M-21) or its wiring has malfunctioned.

#### "MID" LED

This Red LED is not used in troubleshooting the EC-14 and should light only when a magnet is held on the RESET switch.

#### "REAR" LED

This Red LED illuminates and latches ON in order to indicate the location of a problem component or its wiring. It will light in conjunction with either the RIGHT or LEFT LED and the SENS LED when indicating a speed sensor malfunction. The REAR LED will also light in conjunction with the MOD LED to indicate that the rear modulator (M-12) or its wiring has malfunctioned.

#### "RIGHT" LED

This Red LED illuminates and latches ON in order to indicate the location of a problem component or its wiring. It will light in conjunction with either the FRONT or REAR LED and the SENS LED. THIS LED SHOULD NOT LIGHT when a MOD LED is on.

#### "LEFT" LED

This Red LED illuminates and latches ON in order to indicate the location of a problem component or its wiring. It will light in conjunction with either the FRONT or REAR LED and the SENS LED. THIS LED SHOULD NOT LIGHT when a MOD LED is on.

#### "MOD" LED

This Red LED illuminates and latches ON to indicate a permanent or intermittent open or short circuit in the solenoids of one of the two modulators or the wiring connecting it to the system. The MOD LED will illuminate in conjunction with either the FRONT or REAR LED.

#### "SENS" LED

This Red LED illuminates and latches ON to indicate permanent or intermittent failure. The failures indicated are; open or shorted wheel speed sensor, open or shorted wheel speed sensor wiring, wheel speed signal not present or does not conform to design criteria. The SENS LED will illuminate in conjunction with either the FRONT or REAR and either the RIGHT or LEFT LED.

#### "ECU" LED

This Red LED, when illuminated, indicates that the controller itself has failed. It is latched ON for all EC-14 failures except low voltage. For voltages less than 9VDC, this LED illuminates to indicate the controller is inoperative, however when the voltage again exceeds 9VDC the LED will go OUT by itself.

#### "VOLT" LED

This Green LED illuminates and remains ON during vehicle operation to indicate that vehicle power is reaching the controller. If vehicle power is out of range for proper operation (below 10 vdc or above 17 vdc) this LED will flash until power is brought into range. This LED may also flash indicating that a "marginal" low voltage condition existed at the time of an AntiLock event.

#### "RESET"

Beneath the RESET area of the window display is a magnetically sensitive switch that is used to reset the diagnostic system. The device will respond to a magnet which has strength sufficient to lift a three (3) ounce weight. Holding a magnet against the RESET will cause all LEDs to light during the time the magnet is against it.

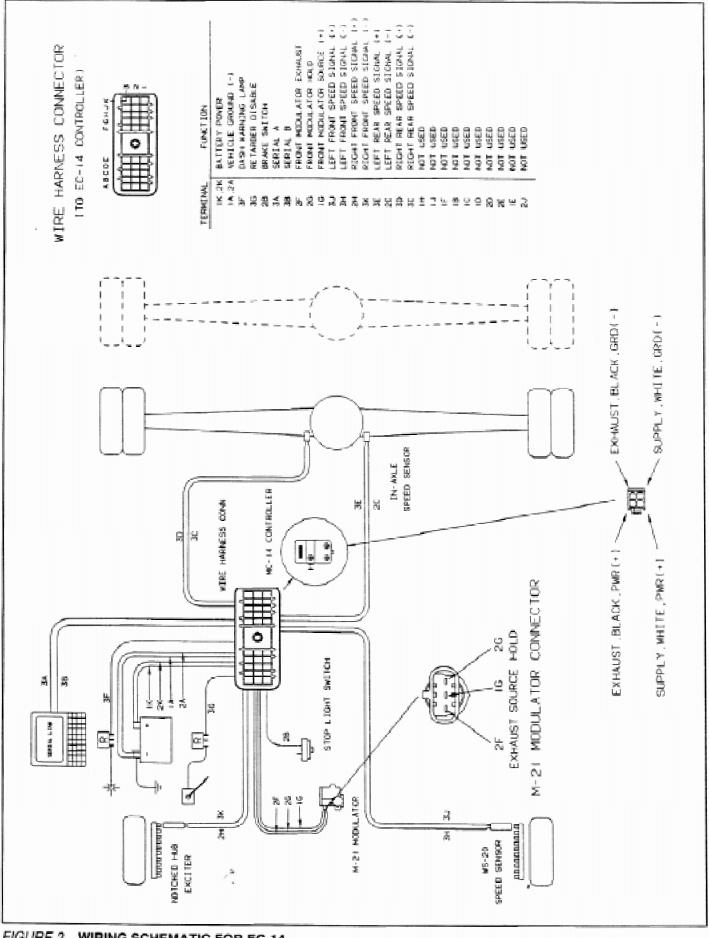


FIGURE 2 WIRING SCHEMATIC FOR EC-14

#### GENERAL

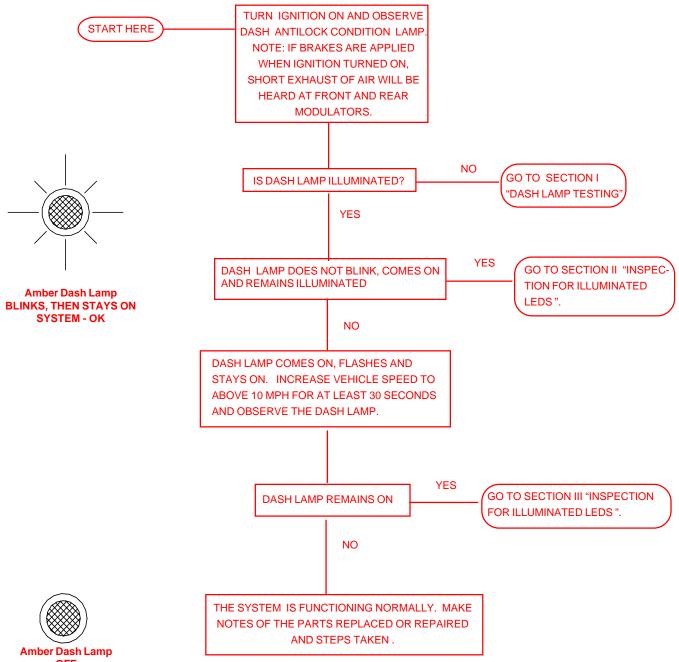
While the EC-14 diagnostic display locates a specific problem area, it is still necessary to confirm whether the problem resides in the component itself or the wiring. Basically the trouble shooting procedure that follows is devoted to narrowing the problem to either the wiring or a specific antilock component.

It should be noted however that ALL TROUBLE SHOOTING BEGINS BY OBSERVING THE ANTILOCK CONDITION LAMP ON THE DASH. All trouble shooting should begin by first performing the "Initial Start-up Procedure" and following the directions contained in it.

#### **IMPORTANT** - TROUBLE SHOOTING TIPS

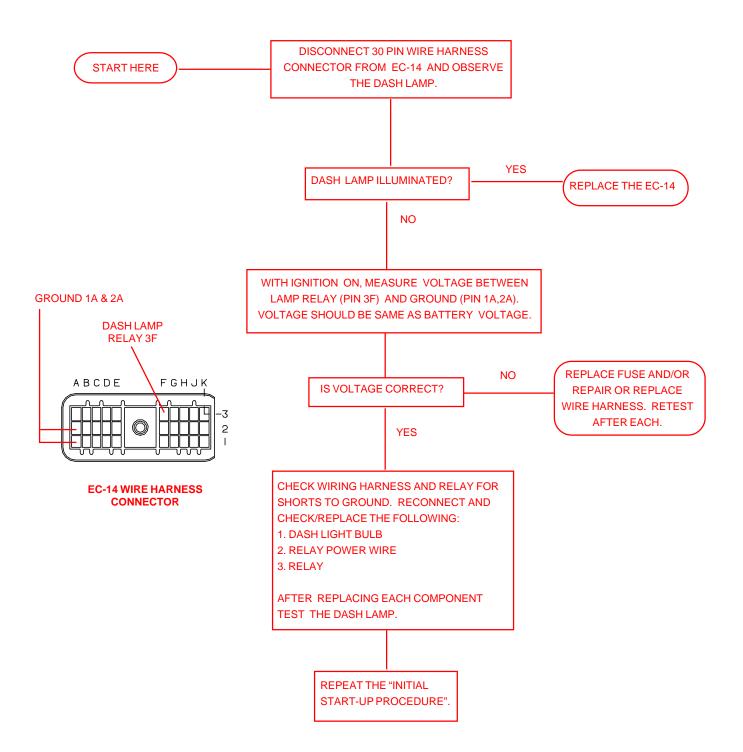
- 1. All troubleshooting begins by observing the AntiLock condition lamp on the dash. Troubleshooting should begin by first performing the "Initial Start-up Procedure" and following the directions contained in it.
- 2. The troubleshooting technician should record all findings and the action taken during the troubleshooting process.
- No voltage or resistance tests are performed into the EC-14. All voltage and resistance tests are performed by beginning at the wire harness half of the connector and moving AWAY from the EC-14 toward an antilock system component (Modulator, Wheel Speed Sensor, etc.)

### **INITIAL START-UP PROCEDURE**

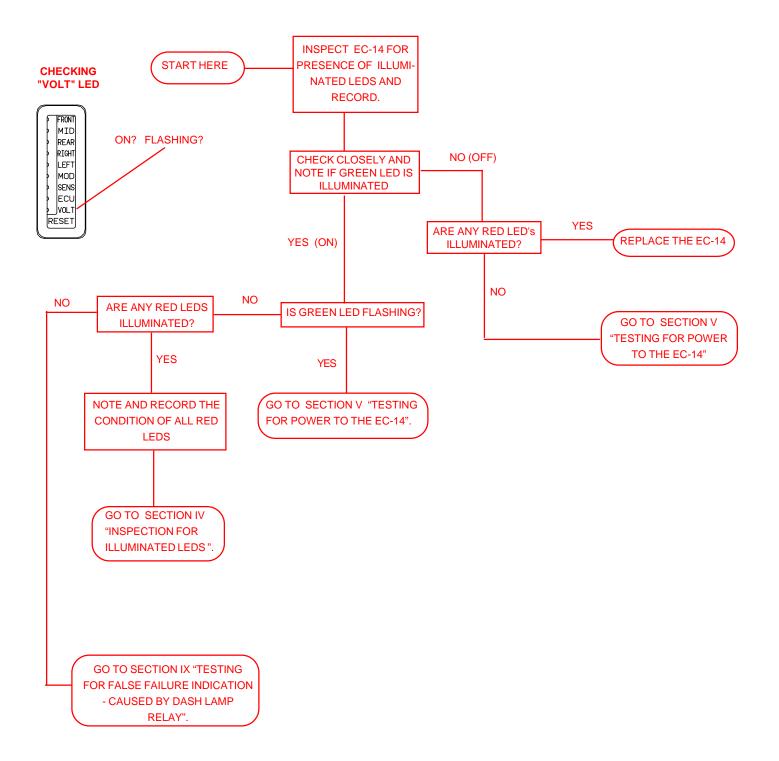


OFF SYSTEM - OK

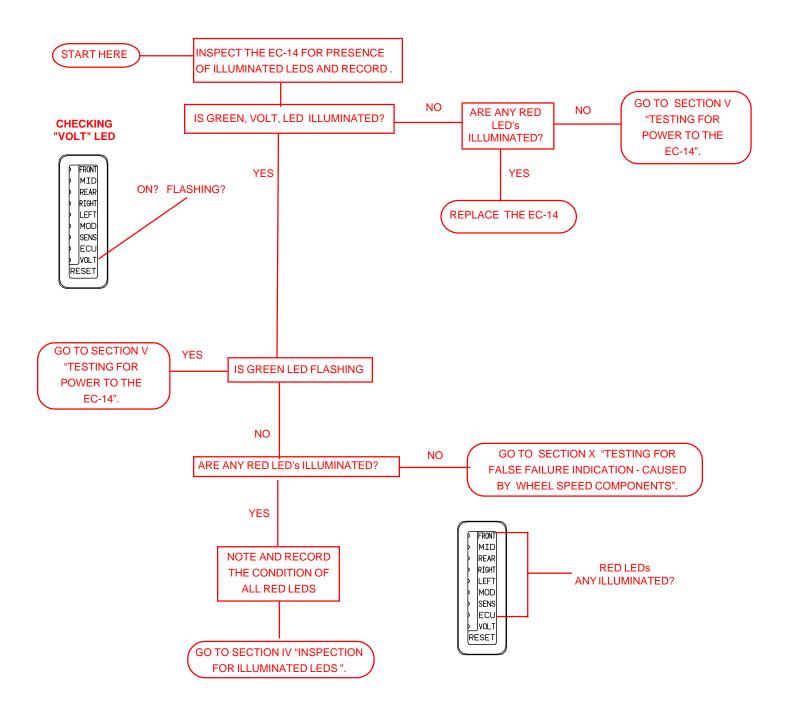
### SECTION I DASH LAMP TESTING



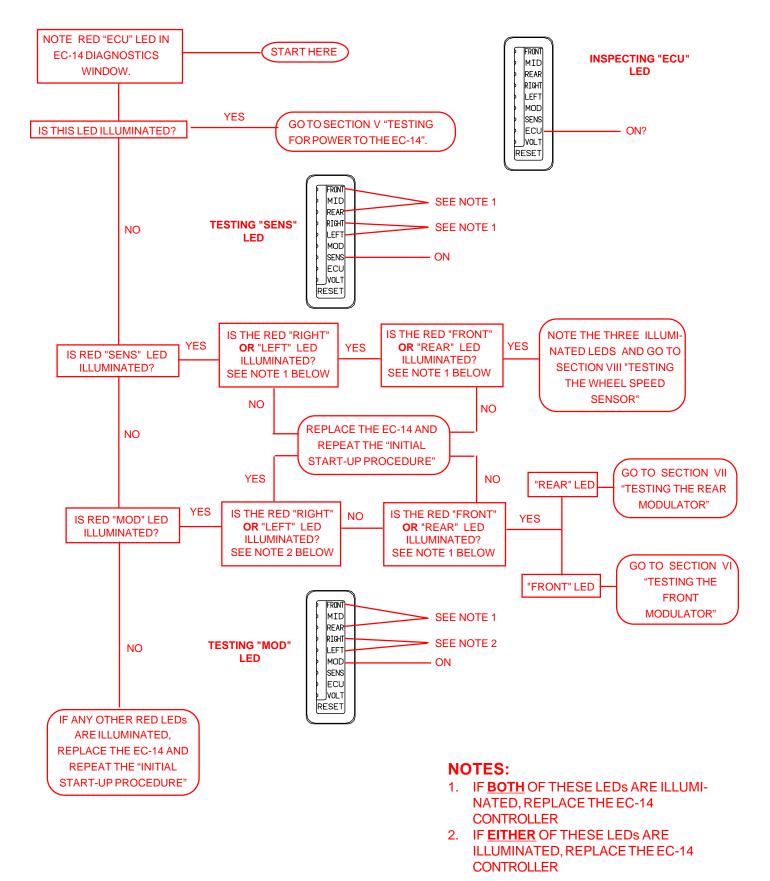
SECTION II INSPECTION FOR ILLUMINATED LEDS



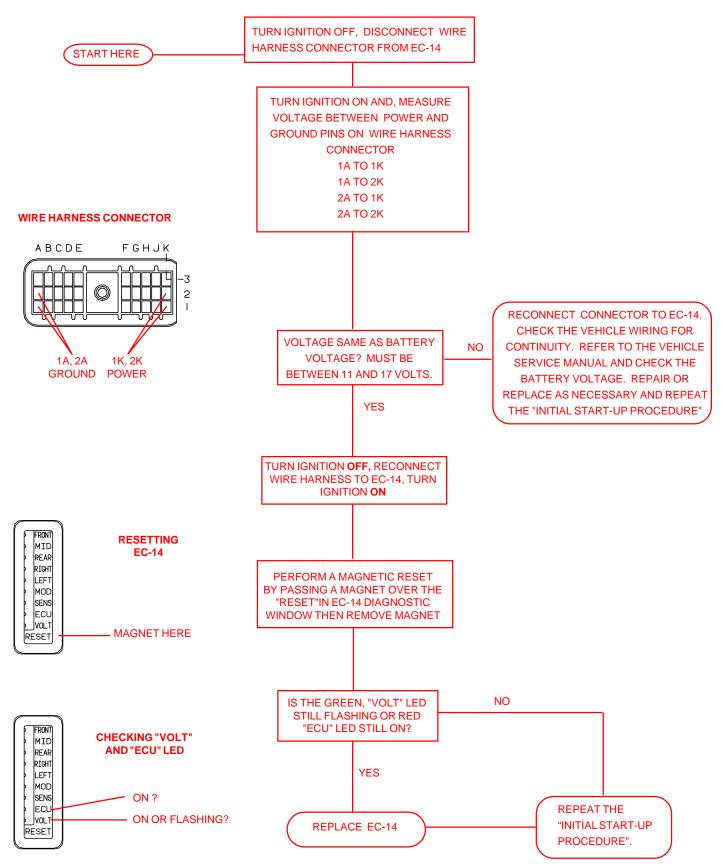
### SECTION III INSPECTION FOR ILLUMINATED LED's



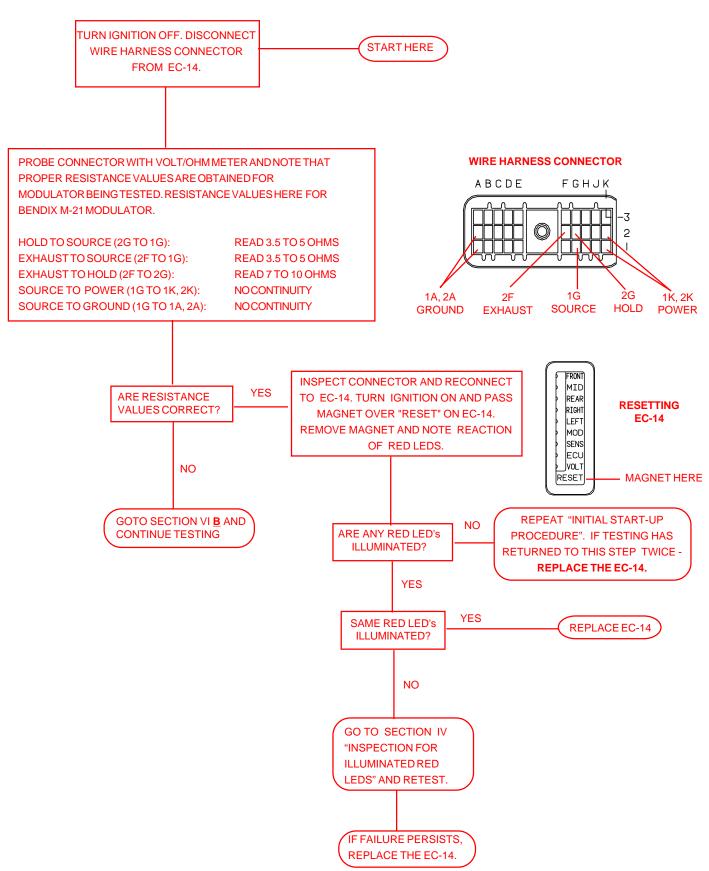
### SECTION IV INSPECTION FOR ILLUMINATED LEDS



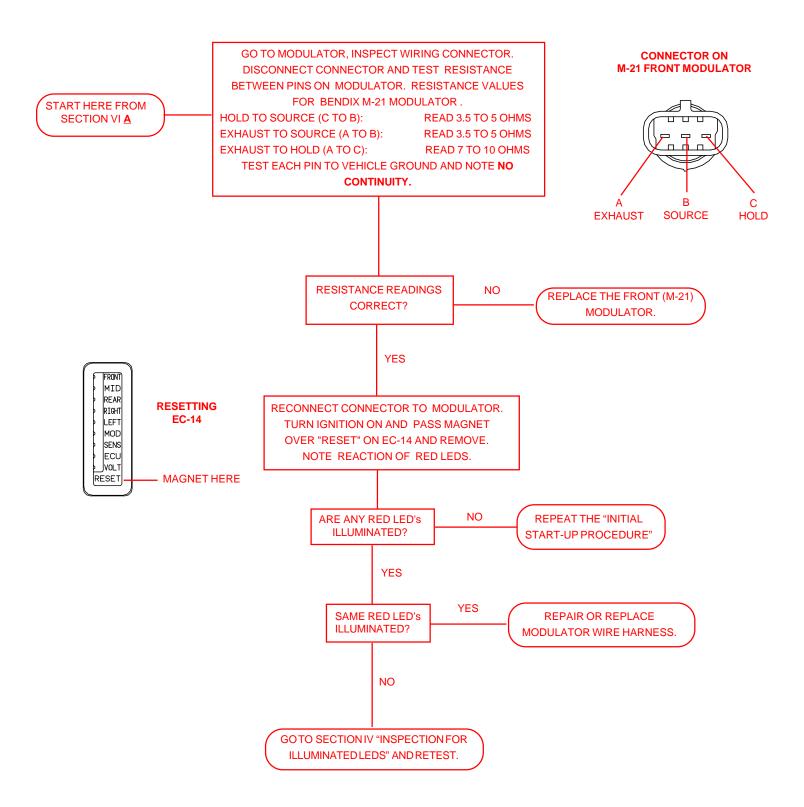
### SECTION V TESTING FOR POWER TO THE EC-14



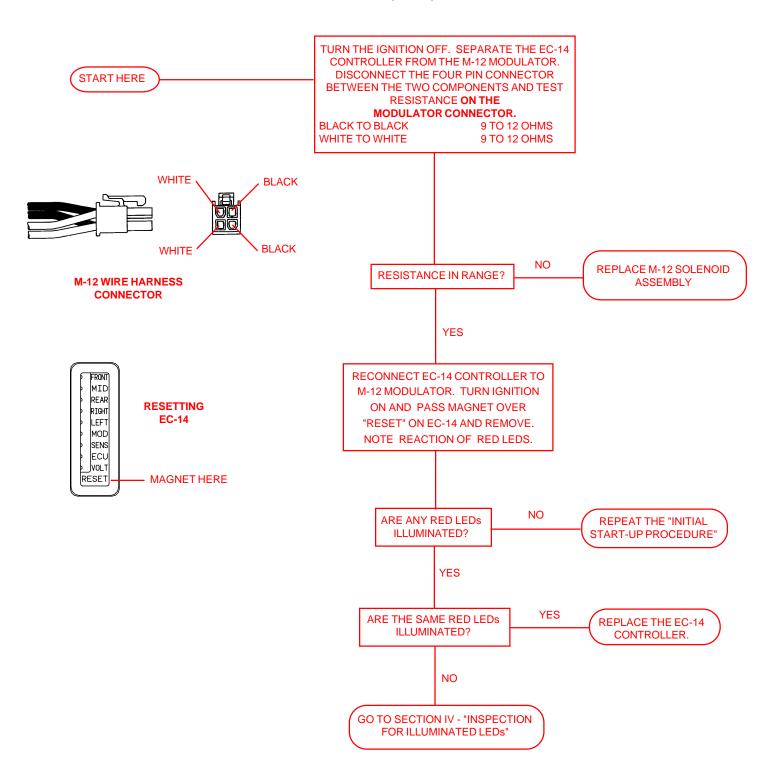
### SECTION VI A TESTING THE FRONT MODULATOR



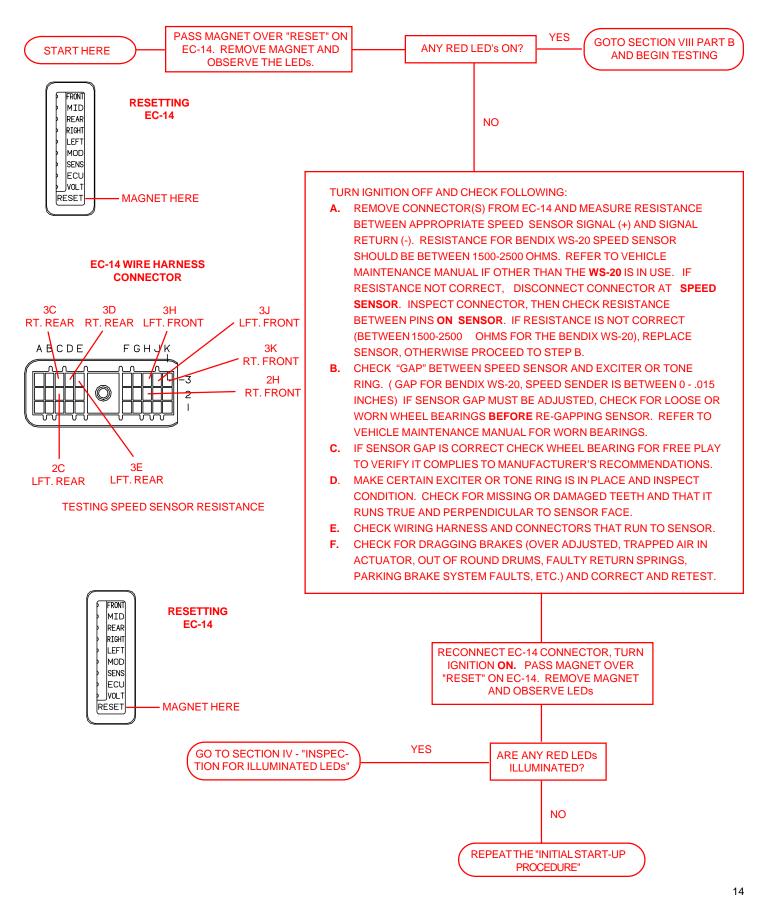
### SECTION VI B TESTING THE FRONT MODULATOR



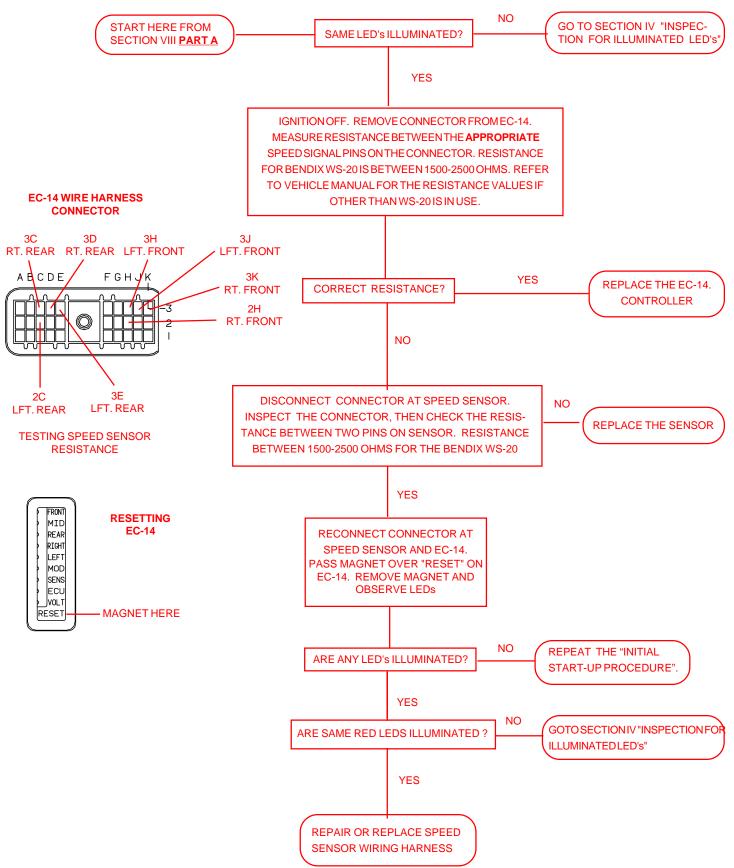
### SECTION VII TESTING THE REAR (M-12) MODULATOR



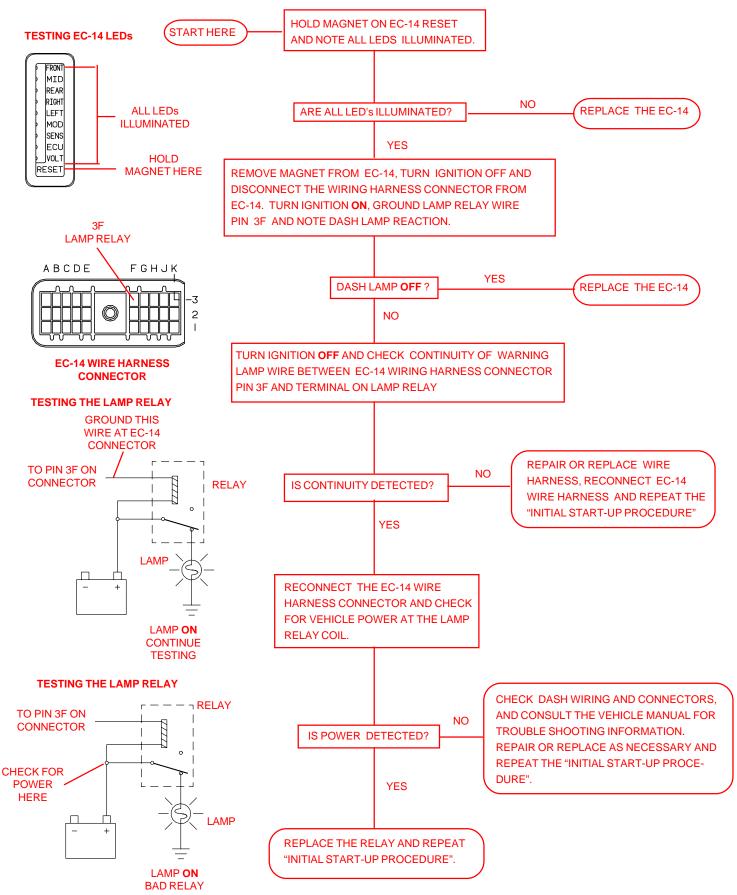
### SECTION VIII PART A TESTING THE WHEEL SPEED SENSOR



### SECTION VIII PART B TESTING THE WHEEL SPEED SENSOR



SECTION IX TESTING FOR FALSE INDICATION CAUSED BY DASH LIGHT RELAY



### SECTION X TESTING FOR FALSE INDICATION CAUSED BY WHEEL SPEED COMPONENTS

